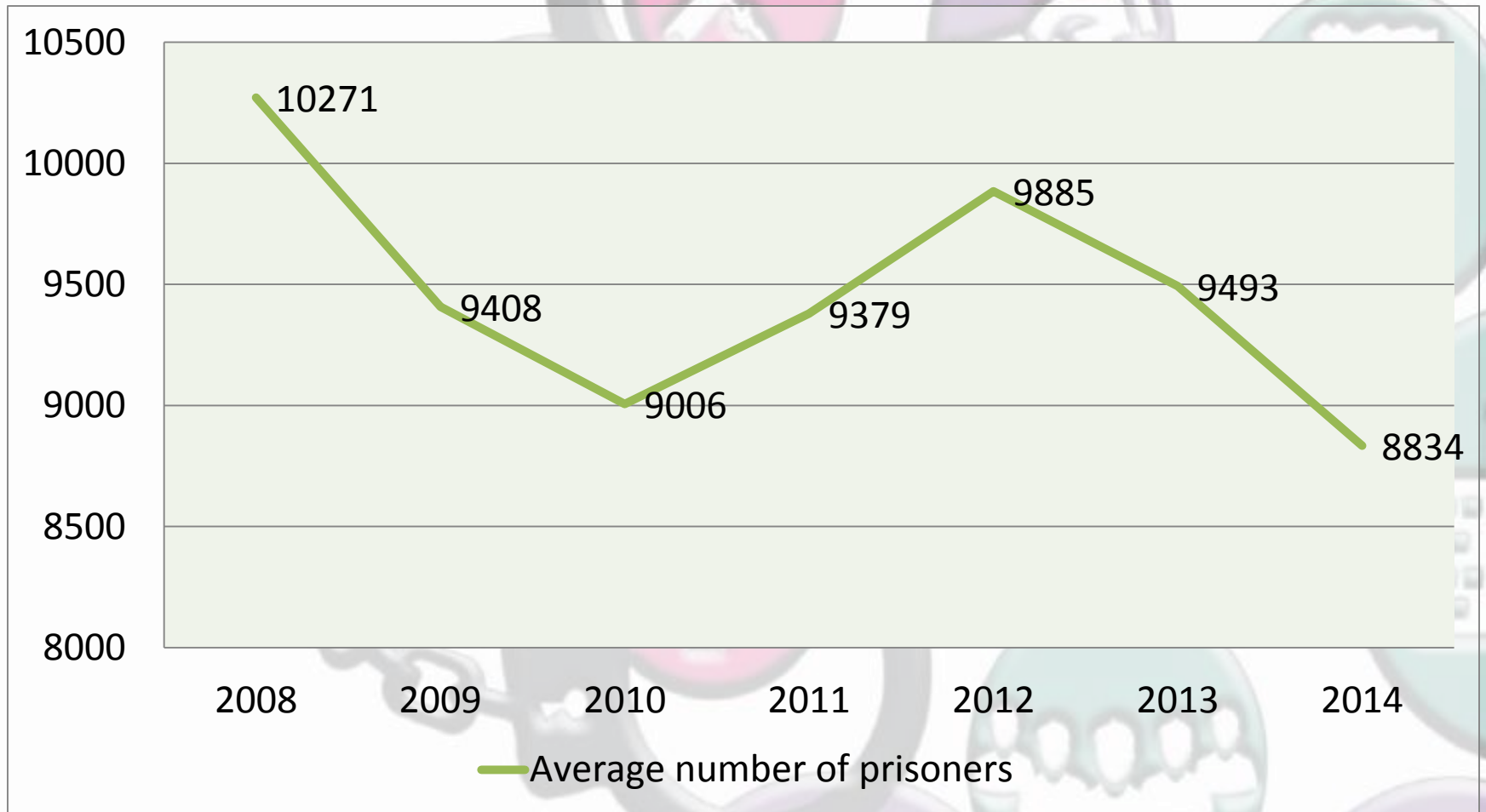


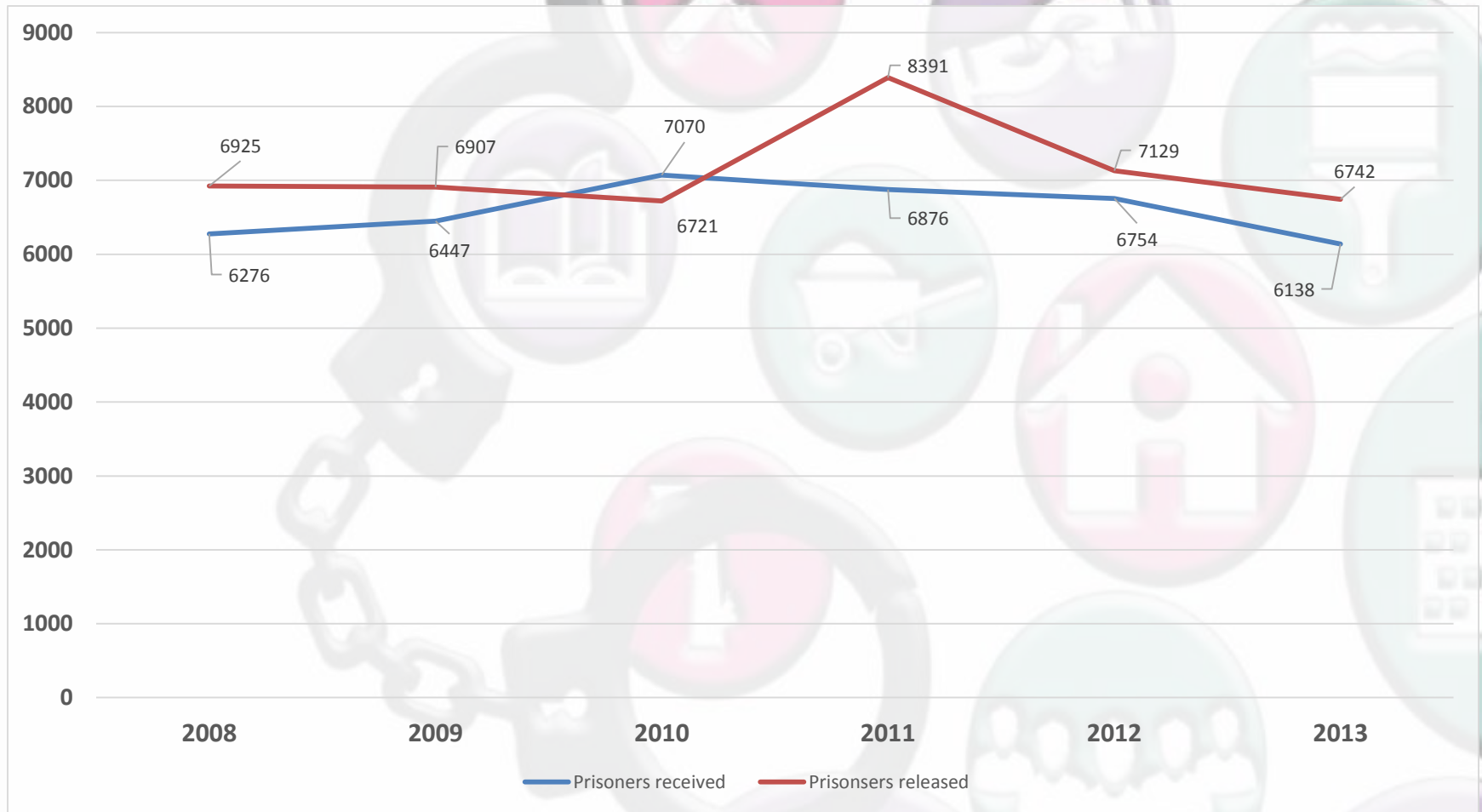
The background features a pair of grey handcuffs with a chain, positioned on the left side. Scattered across the background are several circular icons in various colors (purple, teal, pink) containing white symbols: crossed tools (wrench and screwdriver), a hand holding a tool, a paintbrush, a house, a building, a group of people, and a hand holding a document.

***The present situation in
Bulgaria***

Number of prisoners from 2008 to 2014



Number of prisoners received and released 2008-2013





ALTERNATIVES TO IMPRISONMENT IN BULGARIA



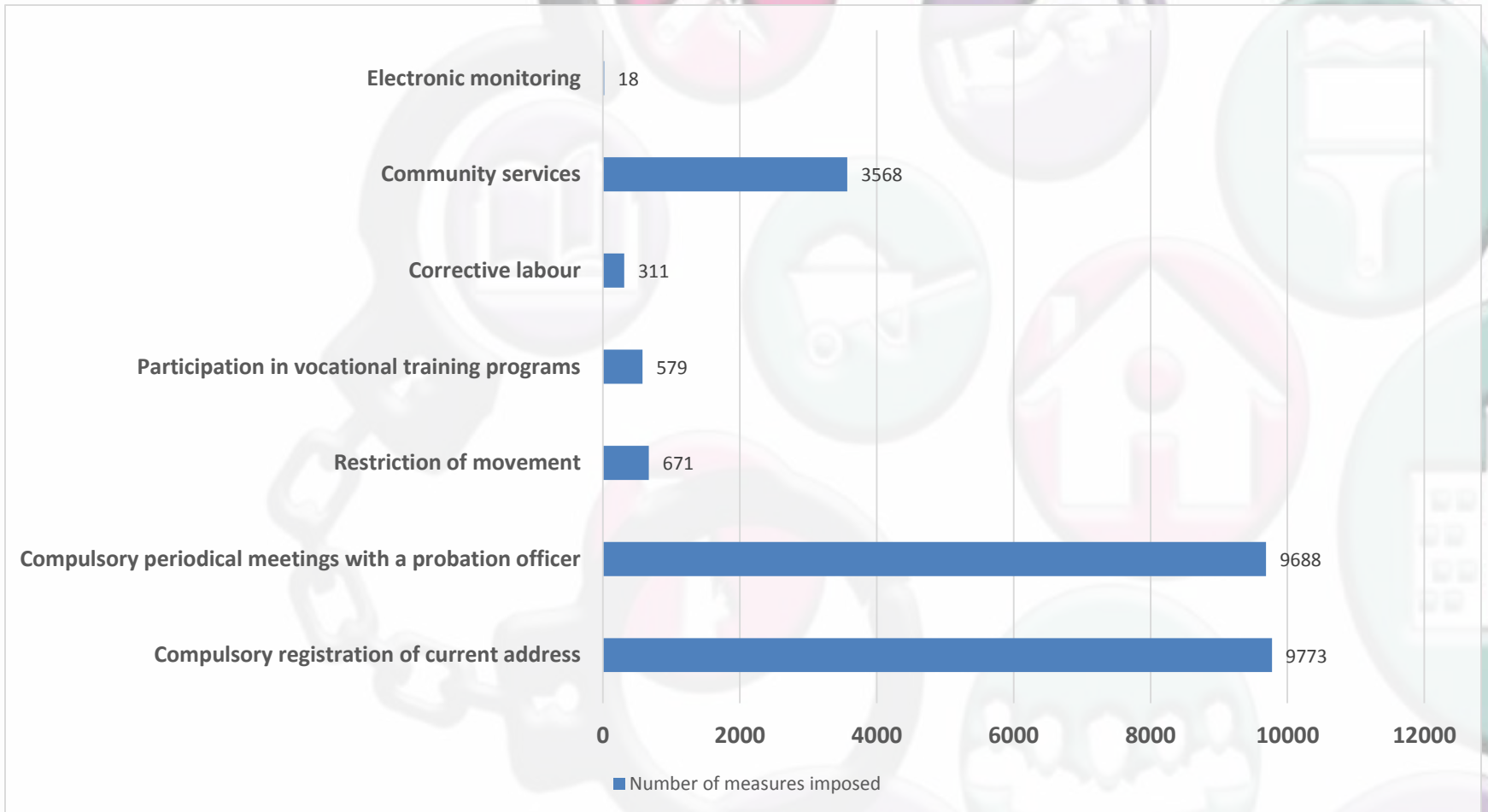
- **1. Compulsory address registration.** It is a restrictive measure for supervision and control of the convicted.
- **2. Compulsory periodic meetings with probation officer.** Also this measure is a restrictive one, but also including some elements of support.
- To require the offender to reside at a specified address and to meet the probation officer are measures that shall always be included in probation.

3. **Restriction in freedom of movement**, which can include prohibition of visiting public and entertainment places, prohibition of leaving a specified city/town for more than 24 hours without permission of the probation officer or of the officer/prosecutor, or prohibition of leaving home for a certain period of the night/day. The seriousness of the measure imposed depends from the seriousness of the offence.

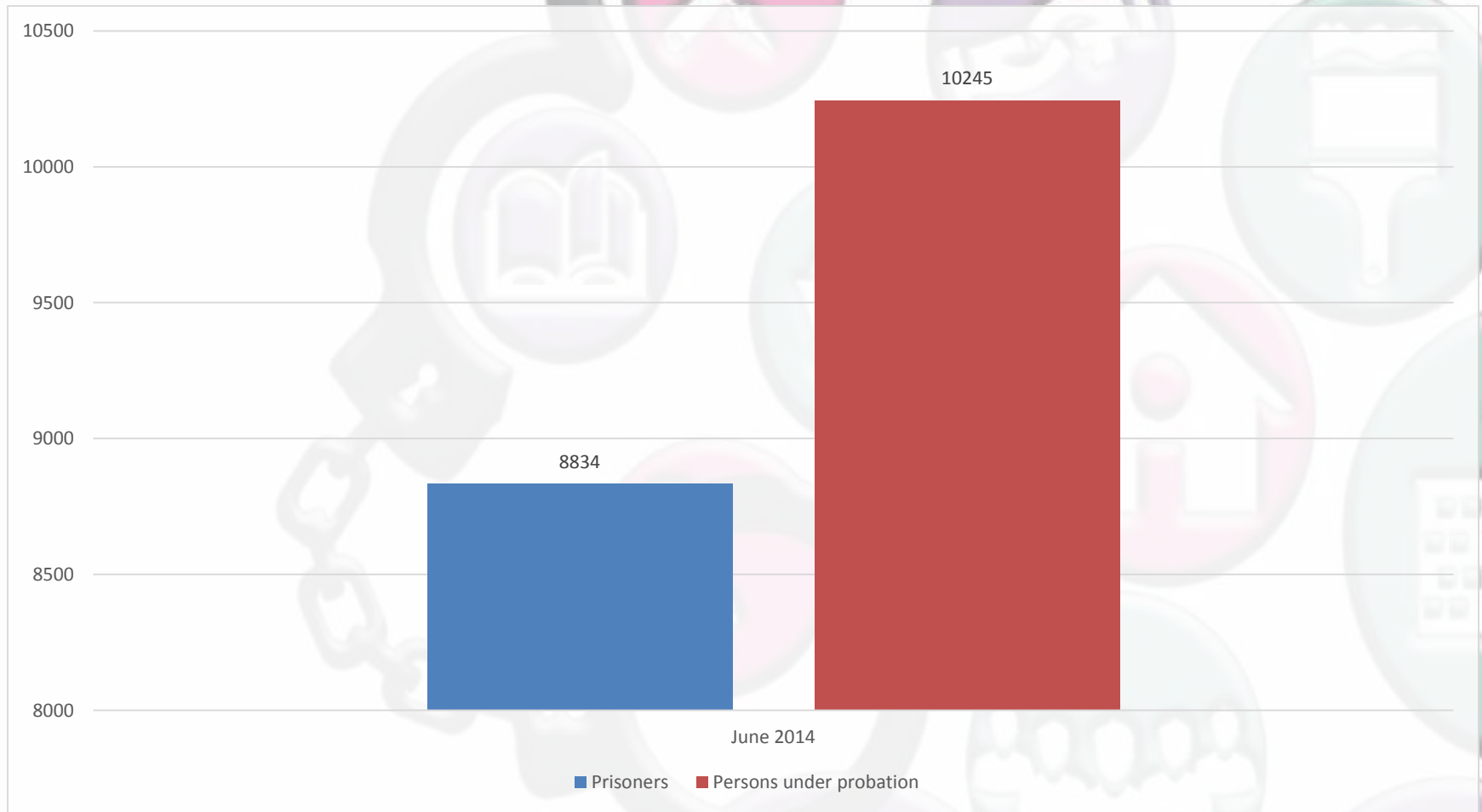
4. **Participation in vocational training programs**, which can promote a law-abiding lifestyle. This is a support measure.
5. **Corrective labour**: it is a restorative measure for the reparation of the harm caused by the crime. It is applied when the offender is employed and includes reduction of wages on behalf of the State from 10 to 25%. If the convicted remains unemployed, corrective labour is replaced by community service (one day of remaining corrective labour corresponds to one hour of community service). It can last from three months up to two years.

- 6. **Community service** (also without restriction of movement). This measure is not applicable to minors under 16 years of age. It can last from 100 to 320 hours, but not for more than three consecutive years. Community services may take place according to the Probation Council selection; however the places should not be privately owned, but State or municipal ownership of more than 50% of the capital is required

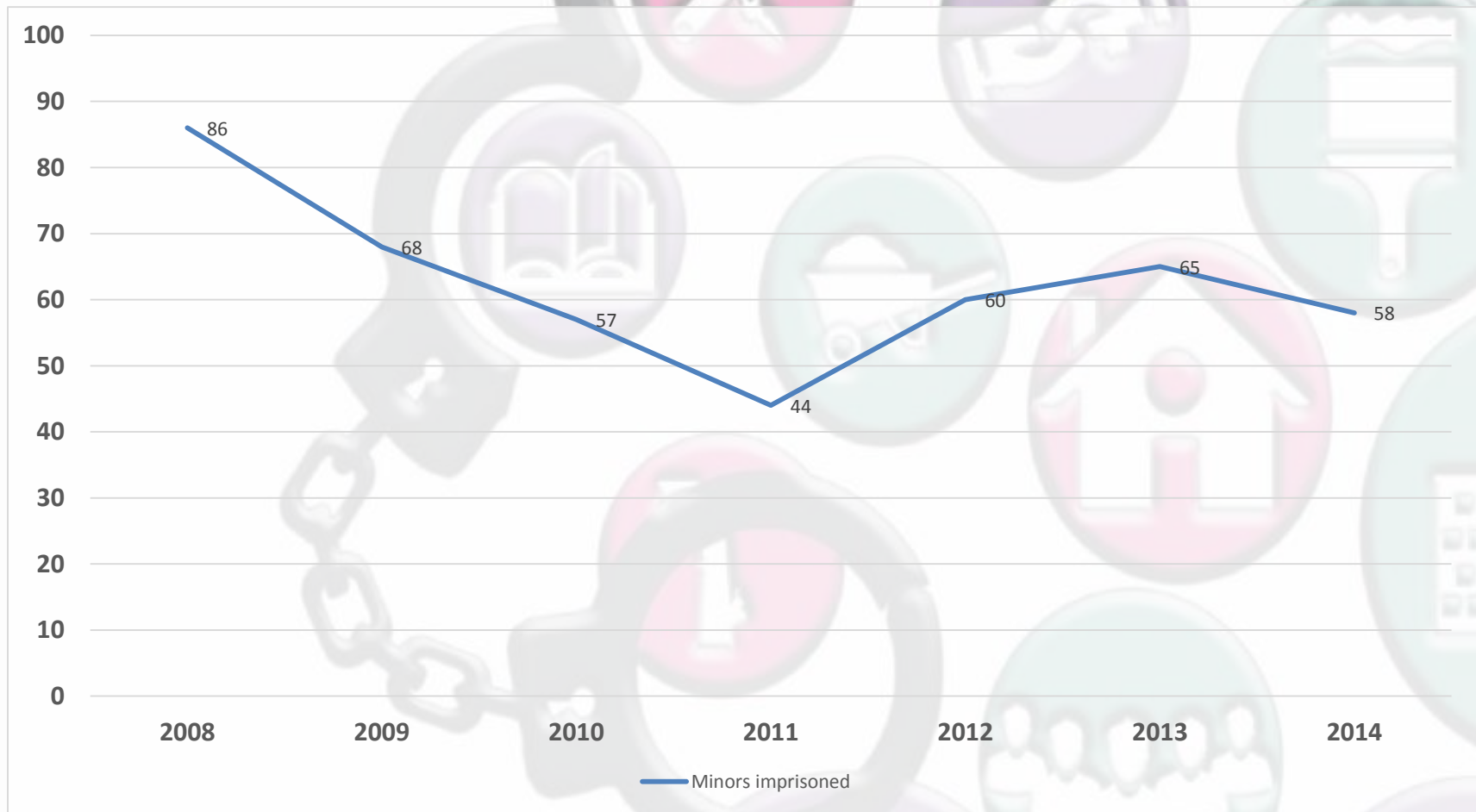
Number of measures imposed by the end of June 2014



Number of prisoners and persons under probation by the end of June 2014



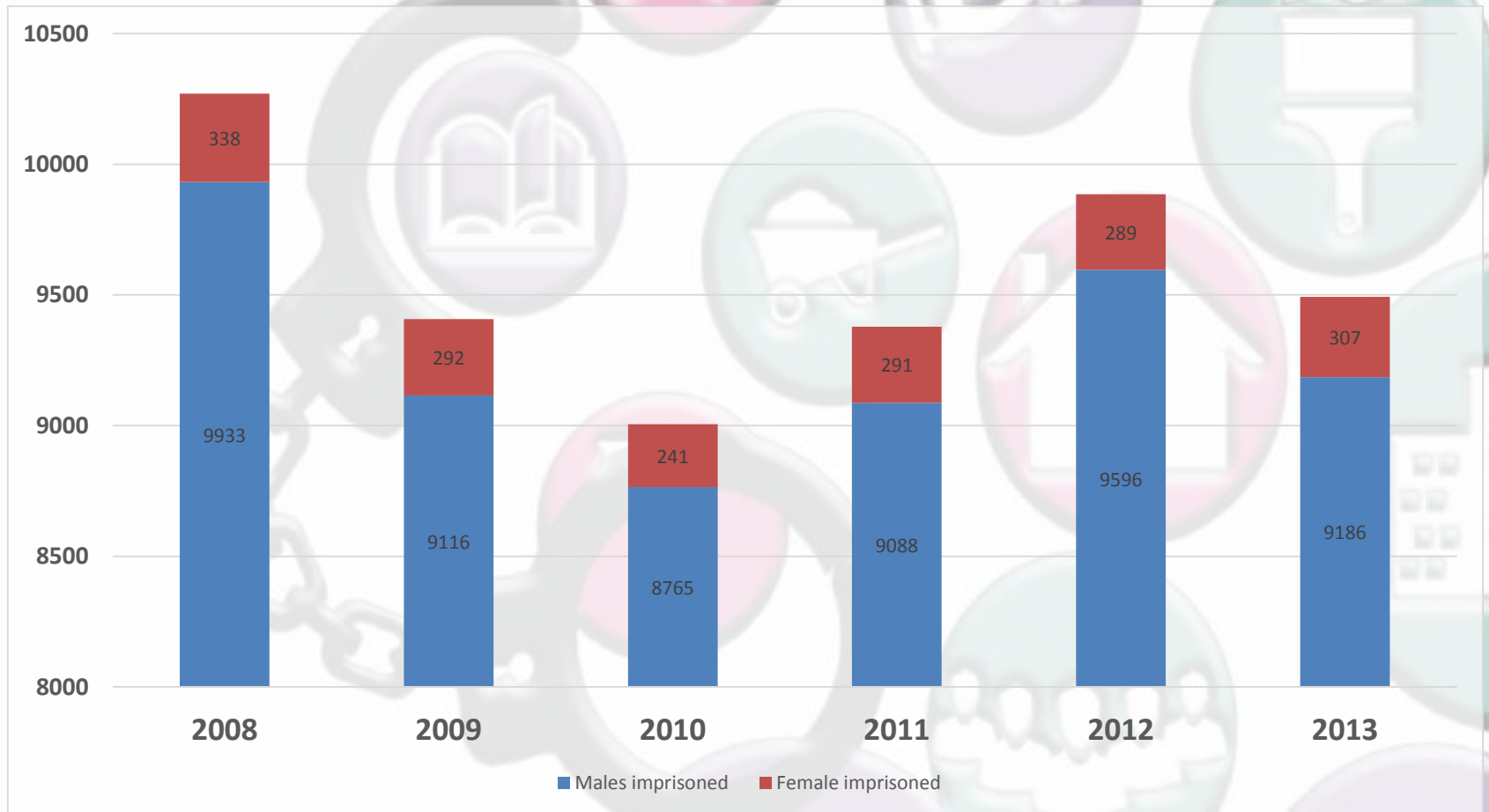
Number of imprisoned minors from 2008 to 2014



Number of women imprisoned from 2008 to 2014



Number of males and female imprisoned from 2008 - 2013



Number of prisoners having already served custodial sentence (recidivists)

